Assessment

FALLS IN THE WORKPLACE

AUSTRALIA
Safetycare Australia Pty. Ltd.
Email safety@safetycare.com.au

UNITED KINGDOM
Safetycare (UK) Limited.
Email safety@safetycare.co.uk

CANADA
Safetycare Inc.
Email safety@safetycare.ca

USA
Safetycare Inc.
Email safety@safetycare.com

SINGAPORE
SafetyMax Corp Pte. Ltd.
Email sales@safetymaxcorp.com

SPAIN
Safetycare Hispania, S.L.
Email contacto@safetycare.es

MALAYSIA
SafetyMax Sdn Bhd
Email saleskl@safetymaxcorp.com

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ASSESSMENT – FALLS IN THE WORKPLACE

Name: ..............................................................

Date: ..............................................................

I.D. (if applicable): ..............................................

Score

1. Falls to floor level are usually the result of what?
   
   a) Chemical hazards  
   b) Slips or trips  
   c) Good housekeeping practices  
   d) Control zones

2. Which of these is not an example of good housekeeping practices?
   
   a) Keeping the floor area free of unneeded equipment  
   b) Wearing a harness  
   c) Clearing obstructions from a passage  
   d) Cleaning up spills immediately

3. What is one of the two basic reasons falls occur in the workplace?
   
   a) The failure to properly follow safe work practices and procedures  
   b) Bad luck  
   c) Not wearing a seat belt  
   d) Not marking out a control zone

4. Which of these will not help ensure safety when working at heights?
   
   a) Establish and follow safe work procedures  
   b) Use appropriate fall restraint or fall arrest equipment if necessary  
   c) Use appropriate fall containment equipment if necessary  
   d) Leave equipment lying in corridors
5. Barriers, handrails and guardrails provide _____.
   a) Eye protection
   b) Heat hazards
   c) Edge protection
   d) Spills

6. What is the purpose of a fall restraint device?
   a) To provide warning of a slip or trip hazard
   b) To prevent a person reaching a position where there is a risk of falling
   c) To mark a control zone with tape
   d) To remind people of good housekeeping

7. A seat belt is a form of ____.
   a) Fall arrest system
   b) Good housekeeping
   c) Travel restraint
   d) Lifeline

8. What is the purpose of a fall arrest system?
   a) To prevent a fall
   b) To warn of hazards
   c) To provide a non-slip surface
   d) To limit the distance of a fall and prevent injury

9. Fall containment is the positioning of ____ as close as possible to the working surface.
   a) Nets
   b) Machinery
   c) Hazards
   d) Workers

10. Ladders must always be ____.
    a) Made of metal
    b) Structurally sound
    c) Placed on elevated work platforms
    d) Less than two metres tall