Assessment

HEAD PROTECTION IN THE WORKPLACE

AUSTRALIA
Safetycare Australia Pty. Ltd.
Email safety@safetycare.com.au

UNITED KINGDOM
Safetycare (UK) Limited.
Email safety@safetycare.co.uk

CANADA
Safetycare Inc.
Email safety@safetycare.ca

USA
Safetycare Inc.
Email safety@safetycare.com

SINGAPORE
SafetyMax Corp Pte. Ltd.
Email sales@safetymaxcorp.com

SPAIN
Safetycare Hispania, S.L.
Email contacto@safetycare.es

MALAYSIA
SafetyMax Sdn Bhd
Email saleskl@safetymaxcorp.com

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Name: .................................................................

Date: .................................................................

I.D. (if applicable): ................................................

1. At what height do most of our daily activities take place?
   a) Ground level
   b) Between 1 and 2 metres above the ground
   c) Between ground level and 1 metre
   d) Above 2 metres

2. The 3 steps to accident prevention are the recognition, evaluation and ________________ of hazards.
   a) Management
   b) PPE
   c) Control
   d) Removal

3. Which of these are steps in hazard control?
   a) Elimination
   b) Substitution
   c) Engineering Controls
   d) All of the above

4. Substitution is when we replace the potentially dangerous activity or process with a _____________ hazardous alternative.
   a) Less
   b) More
   c) Equally
   d) Negative
5. One of the most common hazards to do with head injuries is that of _____________ objects.
   a) Falling
   b) Soft
   c) Chemical
   d) Hard

6. Which of these hazards can lead to slips, trips and falls?
   a) Greasy, wet, oily and slippery surfaces
   b) Uneven surfaces
   c) Unguarded trenches
   d) All of the above

7. Toxic fumes can lead to dizziness and ________________
   a) Distaste
   b) Disorientation
   c) Disappearance
   d) None of the above

8. ________________ of the hazard or the operator is a common control method and is often applied to situations involving high noise levels.
   a) Removal
   b) Quietening
   c) Enclosure
   d) Monitoring

9. Which of these is not a form of head PPE?
   a) Hard hat
   b) Safety glasses
   c) Body belt
   d) Snoods

10. When using PPE, it’s important to know its ________________
    a) Limitations
    b) Price
    c) Designer
    d) Material