Assessment

JOB SAFETY ANALYSIS

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1. The aim of a Job Safety Analysis is to ____.
   a) Repair broken equipment  
   b) Identify bad workers  
   c) Document how a job should be done safely  
   d) Cause accidents

2. What is the ideal way to develop a Job Safety Analysis?
   a) By direct observation of the job being performed  
   b) By reading about the job  
   c) By guessing what the job might require  
   d) By memory

3. A Job Safety Analysis is a three-part process. What is the first part of the process?
   a) Breaking the job down into its basic steps  
   b) Putting on personal protective equipment  
   c) Implementing engineering control measures  
   d) Using correct manual handling techniques

4. The second stage of the process is to identify ____.
   a) The JSA form  
   b) All hazards present for each job step  
   c) Cost savings  
   d) The most noticeable hazard
5. Which of these would not be considered in the second stage of the JSA process?
   a) The presence of hazardous airborne contaminants
   b) Whether the job involves manual handling
   c) How much it will cost to make the job safe
   d) The potential for a fire or explosion

6. In the third stage of the JSA process, it must be decided whether each hazard needs to be ____.
   a) Increased
   b) Controlled
   c) Listed
   d) Created

7. What is the first to be considered in the hierarchy of control measures?
   a) Personal protective equipment
   b) Elimination of the hazard
   c) Lifting and carrying
   d) None of the above

8. The use of correct manual handling techniques is an appropriate control measure to deal with the risk of ____.
   a) Back injury
   b) Hand injury
   c) Muscle strain
   d) All of the above

9. The object of a JSA is to document ____.
   a) How the job is currently performed
   b) How the last accident happened
   c) How the job should be done safely
   d) All the employees in a workplace

10. The greatest benefit of JSAs is that they can be used as the basis for developing ____.
    a) Hazardous substances
    b) Industrial action
    c) Employee relationships
    d) Written safe work procedures