Assessment

UNDERSTANDING SAFETY AWARENESS

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ASSESSMENT – UNDERSTANDING SAFETY AWARENESS

Name: .................................................................

Date: .................................................................

I.D. (if applicable): ..................................................

Score

1. What is the factor involved in every accident?
   a) No personal protective equipment was worn
   b) The human factor
   c) Hospitalisation
   d) Carelessness

2. The 3 steps to accident prevention are the recognition, evaluation and _________ of hazards.
   a) Management
   b) PPE
   c) Control
   d) Removal

3. Which of these are steps in hazard control?
   a) Elimination
   b) Substitution
   c) Engineering Controls
   d) All of the above

4. Substitution is when we replace the potentially dangerous activity or process with a ____________ hazardous alternative.
   a) Less
   b) More
   c) Equally
   d) Negative
5. Direct involvement in accidents can often be the result of which of the following?

a) Fatigue  
b) Stress  
c) Taking short cuts  
d) All of the above

6. Which of these hazards can lead to slips, trips and falls?

a) Greasy, wet, oily and slippery surfaces  
b) Uneven surfaces  
c) Unguarded trenches  
d) All of the above

7. Occupational health and safety is a 3 way effort. Which of these is not part of that effort?

a) Individuals  
b) Police  
c) Organisations  
d) Governments

8. _______________ of the hazard or the operator is a common control method and is often applied to situations involving high noise levels.

a) Removal  
b) Quietening  
c) Enclosure  
d) Monitoring

9. What is the on-going maintenance of all work areas and access ways?

a) Good housekeeping  
b) Mopping  
c) Rubbish removal  
d) PPE

10. What should you do if a load you are about to lift is too bulky, awkward or heavy?

a) Find a way to lift it  
b) Seek help or do not lift it  
c) It depends on time factors  
d) Lift it one last time then report it